ABSTRACT

**Objectives:** To verify how possible situations of negligency are lived by parents with children under the age of ten.

**Methods:** This was a study on the basic approach of quantitative and qualitative order. The sample was delimited by inclusion criteria, with a total of 15 participants established. For data collection, a questionnaire was used with open and closed questions, elaborated to achieve the objectives proposed by the study. Quantitative data was analyzed through average and frequency.

**Results:** Research shows that 13.3% of parents surveyed believe that car accidents happen because of imprudent or inevitable situations. 73% of the total surveyed understand that these events are situations that could be avoided. Looking to understand the parents’ behavior while transporting their children, 26.7% declare not to have the same care for short trips as they do for long ones and 73.3% say they have the same care regardless of distance.

**Conclusions:** According to the data obtained in the study, it is possible to identify the part of the parents having unsafe behavior with their children during their transport, having an interference of several psychological aspects so that they occur, such as the fact that accidents are inevitable situations. It's possible to conclude that parents do have the understanding about the dangers present in the traffic space, but this comprehension is not enough for them to adopt the proper care while transporting their children in the vehicle.

**Keywords:** Transit. Negligence. Children.